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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/847,991	05/02/2001	Jason Seung-Min Kim	NVID-P003124	5788
45594	7590	12/14/2009	EXAMINER	
NVIDIA C/O MURABITO, HAO & BARNES LLP TWO NORTH MARKET STREET THIRD FLOOR SAN JOSE, CA 95113			MYERS, PAUL R	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2111	
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			12/14/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/847,991	KIM ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Paul R. Myers	2111	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 November 2009.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 28,29,31-38 and 40-51 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 28-29, 31-38,40-51 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ . |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ . | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ . |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 11/25/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In regards to applicants argument that the rejection stated that "Zucker does not expressly state that simultaneous access to different memories is performed": Zucker does expressly state that simultaneous accesses to the same memories is prevented implying that simultaneous access to different memories is allowed. However while it is clear that Zucker does allow simultaneous access to different memories since Zucker does not use this express language the examiner cited Frankeney which does expressly teach simultaneous access to different resources.

In regards to applicants argument that Zucker et al does not teach the first communication occurs simultaneously with the second communication: Zucker et al teaches separate paths. Zucker et al's switch is a crosspoint switch that clearly would not block simultaneous communication. Zucker et al also states that the operating system functions and user programs are retrieved from memory and processed concurrently (Column 2 line 57 to Column 3 line 6). And that conflict occurs when the processors try to access the same memory (as opposed to different memories) at the same time (Column 11 line 28-43 and Column 10 line 41 to column 11 line 59). While this implies that processors concurrently access different memories at the same time to concurrently process these functions/user programs. Zucker however does not expressly state in a concise manner that simultaneous access to different memories is performed. Even though the examiner cannot conceive that Zucker does not provide simultaneous access to different memories (Zucker expressly blocks simultaneous accesses to the same memory) the

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examiner cited Frankeny et al that expressly taught separate data paths allowing concurrent communications in parallel (Abstract, Column 2 lines 7-23 and Column 3 line 54 to Column 4 line 7).

In regards to applicants argument that Frank any fails to teach or suggest the first communication occurs simultaneously with the second communication, that the cited section recites simultaneous communication between two devices as opposed to the simultaneous communication between at least four devices: The examiner notes the focus of Frank any is to allow simultaneous bi-directional communication between two devices. Frank any also teaches that the first data processor communicates with the first I/O device and the second processor communicates with the first memory in parallel because each processor can be switched to a unique path (Column 2 lines 7 to 23). Frank any teaches the first processor having simultaneous bi-directional communication with the first I/O device while the second processor concurrently has simultaneous bi-directional communication with the first memory.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 28-29, 31-38, 40-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zucker et al PN 3,805,247 in view of Frankeny et al PN 5,949,982.

In regards to claims 28, 31, 37, 40, 46, 48-50: Zucker et al teaches a system (Figure 8) comprising: a plurality of memory resources (memories attached to 76); a plurality of peripheral resources (Devices attached to 76); a plurality of processors (10); a memory controller (80, 84 and 86) coupled to said plurality of processors (10) and said plurality of memory resources (memories attached to 76), wherein said memory controller comprises a first resource controller (80) for controlling access of said plurality of processors (10) to said plurality of memory resources (memories attached to 76), wherein said first resource controller (80) is further operable to implement a first bus (connection from second processors middle item 70 to the resource controllers OSN 84) for enabling first communication between a first processor (10) of said plurality of processors and a first memory resource of said plurality of memory resources, wherein said first resource controller (80) is further operable to implement a second bus (connection from second processors middle item 70 to the resource controllers OSN 84) for enabling second communication between a second processor (10) of said plurality of processors and a second memory resource of said plurality of memory resources, and wherein said first resource controller is further operable to implement said first and second buses for enabling said first communication to occur independently of said second communication (the communications are independent they are using different buses); and a peripheral controller (82, 84 and 86) coupled to said plurality of processors and said plurality of peripheral resources, wherein said peripheral controller comprises a second resource controller (82) for controlling access of said plurality of processors to said plurality of peripheral resources, and wherein said first resource controller is further operable to implement respective buses for coupling said plurality of processors to said plurality of peripheral resources (84 and 86 are crossbar switches). Zucker

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teaches preventing accessing to the same resource at the same time implying accessing of different memories and different peripherals at the same time. (Column 11 line 28-43 and Column 10 line 41 to column 11 line 59). Zucker however does not expressly state that simultaneous access to different memories is performed. Frankeny expressly teaches simultaneous communications to different resources (Abstract, (Column 2 lines 7 to 23)). It would have been obvious to allow simultaneous communications to different resources in the system of Zucker because this would have prevented stalling a processor to access a resource that is not in use.

In regards to claims 29, 38: Zucker et al teaches a timer component (Clock 20 and 53) coupled to the controllers to control timing of the controllers.

In regards to claims 32, 41: Zucker teaches the processors performing operations in parallel.

In regards to claims 33, 42, 47: Zucker teaches a semaphore (Lock Column 12 lines 18-32).

In regards to claims 34, 43: Zucker teaches the processors communicating through crossbar switches to memories and devices via cross bar switches. Zucker however does not expressly teach the processors being able to communicate with each other. Zucker does teach them both being able to access the lock to determine if the other processor is accessing the desired shared resource. Frankeny et al teaches a plurality of processors communicating to each other and a plurality of memories and a plurality of I/O devices via a crossbar switch. It would have been obvious to allow the processors to also communicate with each other because this would have allowed for functions such as symmetrical multiprocessing.

In regards to claims 35, 44: Zucker teaches the priority scheme being round robin (revolving priority Column 8 lines 11-21)

In regards to claims 36, 45 and 51: Zucker teaches the claimed computer system. Zucker however does not teach the system is portable. Official notice is taken that portable computers are well known. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include Zucker et al's design in a portable computer because this would have made it portable.

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
5. This is a RCE of applicant's earlier Application No. 09/847991. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul R. Myers whose telephone number is 571 272 3639. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur 6:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Rinehart can be reached on (571) 272-3632. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Paul R. Myers
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2111

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Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2111